

**MANY CULTURES MEET**

**Section 1 Quiz**

**A. Key Terms and People**

**Directions:** Choose the letter of the term or person that best fits each description.

**Column I**

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. leading group of people along the Gulf of Mexico and the Caribbean coast
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. loose confederation for promoting peaceful cooperation
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. to travel from one place to another to live
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. type of sun-dried brick
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. period of time during which the Earth was covered by ice and glaciers
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. most powerful people in the highlands of central Mexico

**Column II**

- a. ice age
- b. migrate
- c. Mayans
- d. Aztecs
- e. adobe
- f. Iroquois League

**B. Key Concepts**

**Directions:** Write the letter of the best answer or ending in the blank.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. Which of the following occurred when the climate warmed about 12,000 to 10,000 years ago?
  - a. The number of mammoths and other large mammals increased.
  - b. Ocean levels dropped to new levels.
  - c. Paleoindians began to rely more on hunting.
  - d. The environment became more diverse.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8. In which area did American Indians first grow maize, beans, and squash?
  - a. the American Midwest
  - b. central Mexico
  - c. the Caribbean coast
  - d. the American Northeast
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. Grazing animals were important to the people of the
  - a. Southwest.
  - b. Mississippi River valley.
  - c. Great Plains.
  - d. Eastern Woodlands.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10. The political power of most American Indians was spread among
  - a. many local chiefs with limitless authority.
  - b. many local chiefs with limited authority.
  - c. the members of one ruling family.
  - d. only the shamans.

**MANY CULTURES MEET**

**Section 4 Quiz**

**A. Key Terms and People**

**Directions:** Choose the letter of the term or person that best fits each description. You will not use all the answers.

**Column I**

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. Italian mariner who sailed for Spain
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. captured the Aztec city of Tenochtitlán
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. the mixing and dispersing of plants, animals, and microorganisms between the Americas and Europe
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. Portuguese explorer who reached India
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. Spanish soldier in North and South America
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. succeeded in circling the entire globe between 1519 and 1522

**Column II**

- a. Bartolomeu Dias
- b. Vasco da Gama
- c. Christopher Columbus
- d. Amerigo Vespucci
- e. Ferdinand Magellan
- f. Hernán Cortés
- g. conquistador
- h. Columbian Exchange

**B. Key Concepts**

**Directions:** Write the letter of the best answer or ending in the blank.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. Which group dominated the trade routes south and east of Africa in the 1400s?
  - a. the Portuguese
  - b. the Spanish
  - c. the Italians
  - d. the English
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8. Christopher Columbus sought a route to China to
  - a. gain wealth for Italy.
  - b. claim the region for Spain.
  - c. convert the Chinese to Christianity.
  - d. accurately determine the size of Earth.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. Who explored enough of South America to deem it a new continent?
  - a. John Cabot
  - b. Amerigo Vespucci
  - c. Ferdinand Magellan
  - d. Pedro Alvarez Cabral
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10. Which of the following gave the Spanish their greatest advantage over the Indians?
  - a. horses
  - b. gunpowder
  - c. crossbows
  - d. diseases

## EUROPEANS ESTABLISH COLONIES

**Section 3 Quiz****A. Key Terms and People**

**Directions:** From Column II below, choose the person or term that best fits each description. You will not use all the answers.

**Column I**

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. a colony that belonged to an individual or a company
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. a certificate of permission from a king or queen
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. the owner and governor of the Maryland colony
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. the chief of the Native Americans near Jamestown
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. a leader of the trustees of the Georgia colony
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. the Virginia legislature, founded in 1619

**Column II**

- a. charter
- b. joint-stock company
- c. Powhatan
- d. John Smith
- e. House of Burgesses
- f. royal colony
- g. proprietary colony
- h. Bacon's Rebellion
- i. Lord Baltimore
- j. James Oglethorpe

**B. Key Concepts**

**Directions:** Write the letter of the best answer or ending in each blank.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. The first permanent English colony in America was
  - a. Jamestown.
  - b. Roanoke.
  - c. Maryland.
  - d. Carolina.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8. The colonists in Jamestown ultimately survived by
  - a. establishing more colonies along the eastern coast of North America.
  - b. learning to cultivate tobacco, a popular trade item in Europe.
  - c. negotiating with Native Americans for more land.
  - d. joining with Nathaniel Bacon to drive out Native Americans.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. Carolina differed from the other southern colonies by
  - a. remaining a proprietary colony.
  - b. prohibiting slavery.
  - c. electing a representative government.
  - d. dividing into two separate colonies.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10. Georgia was initially founded as a haven for
  - a. French traders.
  - b. Catholics.
  - c. enslaved Africans.
  - d. English debtors.

**EUROPEANS ESTABLISH COLONIES****Section 4 Quiz****A. Key Terms and People**

**Directions:** Circle the term or person in parentheses that best completes each sentence.

1. (John Winthrop, Roger Williams) led the group that founded the Massachusetts Bay Colony.
2. The (Puritans, Pilgrims) wanted to purify the Church of England.
3. (Roger Williams, Anne Hutchinson) left the Massachusetts Bay Colony to found the colony of Providence.
4. (Separatists, Puritans) left the Anglican Church to begin their own churches.
5. (Metacom/Anne Hutchinson) was exiled from the Massachusetts Bay Colony.
6. The (Mayflower Compact/Metacom) was an agreement made by the Pilgrims to form a government and obey its laws.

**B. Key Concepts**

**Directions:** Write the letter of the best answer or ending in each blank.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. Puritans believed that salvation depended on
  - a. good behavior.
  - b. devout prayer.
  - c. adherence to Church rules.
  - d. the will of God.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8. Why was the government in Massachusetts Bay Colony the most radical in colonial America?
  - a. Both women and men could serve in the government.
  - b. The male colonists elected a governor and assembly.
  - c. The government was guided by religious principles.
  - d. The colony's constitution established a system of self-government.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. More conservative Puritans founded
  - a. Connecticut.
  - b. Maine.
  - c. Rhode Island.
  - d. New Hampshire.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10. Which of the following resulted from King Philip's War?
  - a. The colonists gave land back to the Indians.
  - b. The Puritans nearly eliminated the Pequots.
  - c. The Indians lost most of their land in southern New England.
  - d. The English established praying towns for the Indians.

**EUROPEANS ESTABLISH COLONIES**

**Section 5 Quiz**

**A. Key Terms and People**

**Directions:** Write a definition for each of the terms or people listed below.

1. push factor \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
2. pull factor \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
3. William Penn \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
4. Quaker \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**B. Key Concepts**

**Directions:** Write the letter of the best answer or ending in each blank.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. Which European group made no missionary effort to convert the Indians?
 

a. Dutch	c. English
b. French	d. Spanish
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. Religious toleration in New Netherland attracted
 

a. masses of roaming poor.	c. a diverse group of colonists.
b. many Dutch aristocrats.	d. English Puritans.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. What push factor encouraged people to leave England?
 

a. a thriving economy	c. the attraction of fertile land
b. the desire for gold	d. religious persecution
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8. In 1655, New Sweden
 

a. surrendered to New Netherland.	c. was founded.
b. survived a revolt.	d. elected a legislature.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. New York became an English colony when
 

a. Governor Stuyvesant left to conquer another European colony.
b. an English expedition forced Governor Stuyvesant to surrender.
c. the Duke of York left New Jersey to form a new colony.
d. the Duke of York gave land to Scottish settlers.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10. What was one way in which Pennsylvania differed from Virginia?
 

a. Virginia's geography was more favorable to settlement.
b. Pennsylvania cultivated peace with the local Indians.
c. Virginia's population was much more diverse.
d. Many Pennsylvanians were aristocrats as well as craftsmen and farmers.

**THE AMERICAN COLONIES TAKE SHAPE****Section 1 Quiz****A. Key Terms and People**

**Directions:** From Column II below, choose the term or person that best fits each description.

**Column I**

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. route used to ship enslaved Africans
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. person who agreed to work in exchange for passage to the colonies.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. first African American to publish poetry
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. three-part voyage that included enslaved Africans, raw materials, and manufactured goods

**Column II**

- a. indentured servant
- b. Phyllis Wheatley
- c. triangular trade
- d. Middle Passage

**B. Key Concepts**

**Directions:** Write the letter of each answer or ending in each blank

- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. After 1660, the number of immigrants from England fell because
  - a. there were high unemployment and low wages in the colonies.
  - b. the English economy improved and religious conflict diminished.
  - c. the English did not want to come to the colonies as indentured servants.
  - d. they couldn't leave due to increased religious and political turmoil.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. Which group immigrated to the colonies because of war, taxes and religious persecution in their country?
  - a. Germans
  - b. English
  - c. Africans
  - d. Ulster-Scots
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. Early in the 1600s, African workers were
  - a. hired to work for wages.
  - b. persecuted for taking jobs away from other immigrants.
  - c. well-educated and well-treated.
  - d. treated like indentured servants and freed after several years of service.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8. The vast majority of enslaved Africans were sent to
  - a. Pennsylvania.
  - b. the West Indies.
  - c. South Carolina.
  - d. the southern colonies.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. Slave traders broke up families and groups to
  - a. prevent rebellion.
  - b. increase productivity.
  - c. maximize profits.
  - d. preserve their culture.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10. Which group was best able to preserve some of their traditions and language?
  - a. free Africans in the South
  - b. enslaved Africans in the South
  - c. enslaved Africans in the North
  - d. free Africans in the North

**THE AMERICAN COLONIES TAKE SHAPE****Section 2 Quiz****A. Key Terms**

**Directions:** From Column II below, choose the term that best fits each description. You will not use all the terms.

**Column I**

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. the idea that a person may not be imprisoned unless charged with a crime
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. a document signed by King William and Queen Mary guaranteeing a number of freedoms
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. a policy under which the colonies were allowed virtual self rule
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. a document that protected English nobles from taxes and guaranteed them due process
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. a series of trade laws enacted by England
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. a religious movement that swept through the colonies

**Column II**

- a. Magna Carta
- b. Navigation Acts
- c. English Bill of Rights
- d. habeas corpus
- e. Parliament
- f. salutary neglect
- g. Great Awakening

**B. Key Concepts**

**Directions:** Write the letter of each answer or ending in each blank

- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. The Glorious Revolution was a
  - a. coup in England during which King William was overthrown.
  - b. coup in England during which King James II was overthrown.
  - c. rebellion in the colonies which led to colonial self-rule.
  - d. rebellion in the colonies which led to the Navigation Acts.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8. In return for allowing salutary neglect, England expected
  - a. colonial cooperation with its economic policies.
  - b. colonial cooperation with its religious policies.
  - c. an end to mercantilism.
  - d. an increase in good imported to the colonies from other countries.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. Which of these was encouraged under Mercantilism?
  - a. only the decreased export of goods
  - b. increased import of goods and decreased export of goods
  - c. only the decreased production of goods
  - d. increased export of goods and decreased import of goods
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10. Which best describes the Enlightenment?
  - a. It embraced religion.
  - b. It opposed slavery.
  - c. It promoted traditional values.
  - d. It challenged old ways of thinking.